


PATIENT PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS

PATIENT
Lyla Dragomir

SPECIES
Canine

BREED
Siberian Husky

SEX
FS

Age
4 years

WEIGHT
24.5 kg

INTERPRETED BY
Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM

IMAGING PERFORMED BY
Dr Stan Gira

HOSPITAL NAME
Resolution Veterinary
Ultrasound

REFERRING VET
Dr Chmielinski

INVOICE
303871

DATE
2/8/23

PRESENTING CLINICAL SIGNS
History: Abdominal pain/distention and lethargy for the past 3 days.
Physical Examination: N/A.
Urinalysis: N/A.
CBC: Regenerative anemia, neutrophilia.
Serum Biochemistry: Mildly elevated ALT activity.
Radiographic Findings: N/A.

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC EXAMINATION OF THE ABDOMEN
Urinary System

Full urinary bladder with a normal thickness and appearance of the wall. Normal anechoic urine with no sediment or uroliths evident.

Normal trigone area, proximal urethra, and iliac blood vessels.

Normal iliac lymph nodes. Ureters not visualized.

Normal renal size (left 5.9 cm, right 7 cm), echogenic appearance, cortico-medullary differentiation, pelvis, and capsule.

Reproductive System

N/A.

Adrenal Glands

Not visualized.

Spleen

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Smooth homogenous parenchyma, normal vasculature, and regular curvilinear capsule. No evidence of inflammatory, neoplastic, infarction, or infiltrative changes noted.

Liver

Normal size, echogenic appearance, portal markings, and regular capsule. No nodules evident. Large irregular mottled parenchymal vascularized mass in the left lobe with bulging of the overlying capsule and hyperechogenic appearance of the surrounding mesentery. Full gall bladder containing normal anechoic bile. Normal thickness and appearance of the gall bladder wall. Normal bile duct.

Gastrointestinal

Normal appearance of the stomach, duodenum, small intestine, ileo-cecal junction, and colon with no loss of layering, normal wall thickness and peristaltic activity, and no distension of the lumen.

**PATIENT** *Pancreas*

Lyla Dragomir

Normal size and echogenic appearance. Regular capsule. Normal echogenic appearance of the mesentery and fat surrounding the pancreas.

SPECIES

Canine

Free Abdomen

No mesenteric lymphadenomegaly.
Large amount of ascites.

BREED

Siberian Husky

ULTRASONOGRAPHIC FINDINGS**SEX**

FS

Primary Findings:

- Hepatic mass.
- Ascites.

Age

4 years

Secondary Findings:

- None.

WEIGHT

24.5 kg

INTERPRETATION OF THE FINDINGS & FURTHER RECOMMENDATIONS**INTERPRETED BY**

Remo Lobetti, BVSc,
MMedVet (Med), PhD,
Dipl. ECVIM

The most likely etiology for the hepatic mass would be neoplasia with granuloma and hematoma, differential diagnosis. With the regenerative anemia, the ascites is most likely hemabdomen.

Further assessment would be 3-view thoracic radiographs, FNA cytology of the hepatic mass, and possibly CT scan. As the mass is bleeding a laparotomy would be indicated.

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Specific therapy would be dependent on an etiological diagnosis.

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IMAGES

Liver



Ascites



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The information and recommendations provided are based on the images presented by the referring veterinarian. No evaluation can be communicated regarding pathology that was not visible in the image/video clips provided.

Thank you for this referral. If the clinical or image interpretation does not parallel your findings or if I can be of any further assistance, please contact me.

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